

School:		Intervention Present:	Yes / No If yes, describe:
Date:		Rules Posted:	Yes / No
Rater:		Grade(s): Start Time: End Time:	

CIRCLE SCORE FOR EACH				
1	2	3	4	Notes
(1) Safety Concerns- Hazards. Play space \neq entire playground. Focus on proximity to where kids play				
1- Significant safety concerns in almost all of the play space	2-Significant safety concerns in a majority of the play space	3-Significant safety concerns in some of the play spaces	4- The play space has no safety concerns.	<u>Note specific hazards and where they exist:</u>
(2) Boundaries: Identified with cones, chalk, paint, etc AND must also be used				
1- The play space has no clearly identified boundaries for games	2- A majority of the play space does not have any game space marked	3- The play space has many boundaries identified	4- The play space is well marked and all game boundaries are clear	<u>Note on any space the is marked for certain games and what they are; e.g., blacktop marked for kickball, area by school marked for hula-hoops: Could have observers draw a playground schematic?</u>
(3) Safety Concerns- Size & Location: Look at size: kid ratio, access to busy streets, neighborhood				
1- The play space has many immediate safety concerns due to size and/or location	2- The play space has some immediate safety concerns due to size and/or location	3- The play space has very few immediate safety concerns due to size and/or location.	4- The play space for recess is appropriate- no immediate safety concerns	<u>Notes on areas unavailable for play; green space vs blacktop; community access points</u>
(4) Fixed & Unfixed Equipment: Basketball hoops DON'T count; must be allowed to use the equipment				

1- No fixed or unfixed recess equipment is available	2- Only fixed OR only non-fixed recess equipment is available	3- Fixed recess equipment is available and there is limited non-fixed equipment	4- Fixed and non-fixed recess equipment is available to support multiple games and activities	<u>List what fixed equipment is available for play and what unfixed equipment is available. Be as specific as possible (e.g., 20 jump ropes, 4 basketballs, etc.)</u>
(5) Transitions to Recess: Look at hallways				
1- Hardly any transitions to recess from classroom are organized and smooth	2- Few transitions to recess from classroom are organized and smooth	3- Most transitions to recess from classroom are organized and smooth	4- All transitions to recess from classroom are organized and smooth	<u>Notes on behaviors observed during transition to recess; Notes on any observed rules (e.g., what were monitors telling kids); Note if you do not see full transition from inside</u>
(6) Supervising Adults: If class is late and teacher is recess supervisor, then mark down				
1- Hardly any supervising adults arrive on time and there are periods of time in which there is no adult supervision	2- A few supervising adults arrive on time, but supervision is compromised because not enough adults are on the playground	3- Most of the supervising adults arrive on time, but a few come out late	4- All supervising adults arrive on time and there are no periods of time in which students are unsupervised	<u>Notes: How many adults at start of recess? How many at 5 minutes? 10 minutes? End of recess?</u>
(7) Adult to Student Ratio: Assess at 10 minutes				
1- The adult to student ratio is more than 75:1	2- The adult to student ratio is between 51-74:1	3- The adult to student ratio is approximately 35-50:1	4- The adult to student ratio is less than 35:1	<u>Notes: Were there enough adults to cover the dedicated space for recess? How many would be optimal?</u>
(8) Variety of Organized Games: From perspective of the child: "What can I play?"				
1- Hardly any organized games and/or activities are available during recess	2- A limited number of organized games and/or activities are available during recess but there is limited variety	3- A limited number of organized games and/or activities are available during recess, but there is variety	4- A variety of organized games and/or activities are available during recess (~5-6 games)	<u>Notes: What are the games being played at recess? For each game consider: Who is playing the game (gender, race, other demographics)? Barriers to inclusion or patterns of exclusion? Open or closed? Aside from organized activities, document what children are doing.</u>
(9) Inclusiveness of Organized Games: Hard to score so try your best				

1- Almost all games are exclusive to certain groups by gender, ability, race and/or age (if appropriate)	2- Some of the games are exclusive to certain groups by gender, ability, race and/or age (if appropriate)	3- Some of the games are inclusive to certain groups by gender, ability, race and/or age (if appropriate)	4- Almost all games are inclusive to a variety of groups by gender, ability, race and/or age (if appropriate)	
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(10) Game Initiation: Score low if all games initiated by kids but not many kids engaged

1- Hardly any games are initiated by students	2- A few games are initiated by students	3- Some games are initiated by students	4- Almost all games are initiated by students	<u>Note what games children are initiating/playing. Take notes if this differs from anything adults try to organize/lead</u>
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(11) Sustaining Games: Kids can rotate in and out. Low score if games are stopping and starting

1- Hardly any games are sustained by students	2- A few games are sustained by students	3- Some games are sustained by students	4- Almost all games are sustained by students	
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(12) Free Choice During Recess: Autonomy. Mark down if kids come out late to recess or have to stand on the wall

1- Students have no free choice of activities to play during recess	2- Student have limited free choice of activities to play during recess	3- Students have some free choice of activities to play during recess	4- Students are free to choose the activities to play during recess	
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(13) Physical Activity: Movement ≠ play

1- Hardly any students are involved in physical active play	2- Few students are involved in physically active play	3- Some students are involved in physically active play	4- Almost all students are involved in physically active play	<u>What are the non-active kids doing? Describe differences between kids who are active and kids who are not</u>
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(14) Equipment Use: Hogging equipment, using it in an unsafe manner, climbing fences. Kids can be creative with how they use equipment as long as it is safe

1- Hardly any equipment provided is being used as intended and in a safe manner	2- Some of the equipment provided is being used appropriately but there are many instances of inappropriate use	3- Most of the equipment provided is being used appropriately but there are a few instances of inappropriate use	4- Almost all of the equipment provided is being used as intended and in a safe manner	<u>Note any inappropriate use of equipment (be specific) as well as any creative use of equipment (be specific)</u>
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(15) Physical Altercations: Volume AND intensity of any physical contact, including a threat of violence (raised fist). Don't judge intent of hitting

1- There were several physical altercations between students	2- There were some physical altercations between students	3- There were few physical altercations between students	4- There were no physical altercation between students	<u>Describe pattern of physical altercations. Describe kids involved (gender, race, sport players, outcasts, etc.). Describe kids involved (gender, race, sport players, outcasts, etc.).</u>
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If **no**, skip the following question and enter **"n/a"** into scoring for the following indicator. If **yes**, answer the following question and enter the appropriate score.

(16) Adult Intervention - Physical Altercations:

1- Adults did not intervene between students after seeing physical altercations	2- Adults intervened after seeing physical altercation but did so in a non-constructive manner	3- Adults intervened after seeing physical altercation and sometimes did so in a constructive manner	4- Adults intervened after seeing physical altercations and almost always did so in a constructive way	<u>Describe how adults handle physical altercations</u>
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(17) Student Communication: Absence of negative language or absence of positive language = neutral playground

1- Hardly any communication (verbal or nonverbal) between students is positive and encouraging towards each other	2- Very little communication (verbal or nonverbal) between students is positive and encouraging towards each other	3- Most of the communication (verbal or nonverbal) between students is positive and encouraging towards each other	4- Almost all of communication (verbal or nonverbal) between students is positive and encouraging towards each other	<u>Describe pattern of verbal altercations. Describe kids involved (gender, race, sport players, outcasts, etc.). Describe patterns of positive language. Describe kids involved (gender, race, sport players, outcasts, etc.).</u>
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Did you observe students using negative verbal and nonverbal communication to each other **that was seen by supervising adults**? If **no**, skip the following question and enter "n/a" into scoring for the following indicator. If **yes**, answer the following question and enter the appropriate score.

(18) Adult Intervention - Negative Communication: Verbal AND nonverbal communication

1- Adults did not intervene between students after seeing negative communication	2- Adults intervened after seeing negative communication but did so in a non-constructive manner	3- Adults intervened after seeing negative communication and sometimes did so in a constructive manner	4- Adults intervened after seeing negative communication and almost always did so in a constructive way	
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(19) Student Disagreements - Rules: Score down when disagreement disrupts the flow of the game

1- There were several disagreements about rules between students	2- There were some disagreements about rules between students	3- There were few disagreements about rules between students	4- There were no disagreements about rules between students	<u>What games have the most disagreements? How are students resolving it?</u>
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(20) Conflict Resolution: Conflict resolution skills: negotiate, walk away, rock-paper-scissors

1- Students demonstrated hardly any strategies for resolving conflicts on their own	2- Students demonstrate a few strategies for resolving conflicts on their own, but a lot of adult support was needed	3- Students demonstrate adequate strategies for resolving conflicts on their own, but some adult support was needed	4- Students demonstrate strategies to resolve their conflict without adult intervention or there was no evident conflict	<u>Describe conflict resolution strategies noted. Describe any demographic differences (e.g., gender, race, ability, etc.)</u>
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(21) Adult Behavior: Encourage students to participate, getting students involved, don't put kids on wall or yell at them. Doesn't have to be persistent during ENTIRE recess

1- Hardly any adults model positive culture (e.g. positive language, supporting conflict resolution skills, etc.)	2- A few adults model positive culture (e.g. positive language, supporting conflict resolution skills, etc.)	3- Many adults model positive culture (e.g. positive language, supporting conflict resolution skills, etc.)	4- Almost all adults model positive culture (e.g. positive language, supporting conflict resolution skills, etc.)	<u>Notes on adult participation: What are adults doing? Differences in what adults are doing (male vs female?); how are children responding to adults (hanging around them, asking them to play, etc.)? If adults play, who is playing what?</u>
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(22) Adult Positioning: Over the course of recess assess supervision coverage

1- Hardly any supervising adults are strategically positioned to view students in the recess play space (i.e. adults are huddled together)	2- Some of the supervising adults are strategically positioned to view students in the recess play space, but many students are	3- Many of the supervising adults are strategically positioned to view students in the recess play space, but some students are unsupervised	4- Almost all of the supervising adults are strategically positioned to view students in the recess play space	
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(23) Adult Engagement: Engaged in facilitating play (at some point)

1- Hardly any adults are playing games or engaged with students	2- A few adults are playing games and/or engaged with students	3- Some adults are playing games and/or engaged with students	4- Almost all adults are playing games and engaged with students	
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(24) Transition(s) from Recess: Consider time it takes

1- Hardly any transitions to the classroom from recess are organized and smooth	2- Some transitions to the classroom from recess are organized and smooth	3- Most transitions to the classroom from recess are organized and smooth	4- All transitions to the classroom from recess are organized and smooth	<u>Notes on behaviors observed during transition to recess; Notes on any observed rules (e.g., what were monitors telling kids)</u>
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Other Notes:

What did they playground look like? Indicate where kids tend to congregate and where different games are?

Scoring Procedures:

Safety and Structure = 1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 14

Adult Engagement and Supervision = 7 + 21 + 22 + 23

Student Behaviors = 10 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 20

Transitions = 5 + 24

Total = 1 + 2 + 4 + 5 + 7 + 8 + 10 + 13 + 14 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 20 + 21 + 22 + 23 + 24

*All other items and notes can be used to assist with process evaluations and feedback to school partners.